

Center for micromorphic multiphysics porous and particulate materials simulations within exascale computing workflows
Multi-disciplinary Simulation Center (MSC)

PSAAP III Virtual Kickoff Meeting

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University of Colorado Boulder

Co-Directors:

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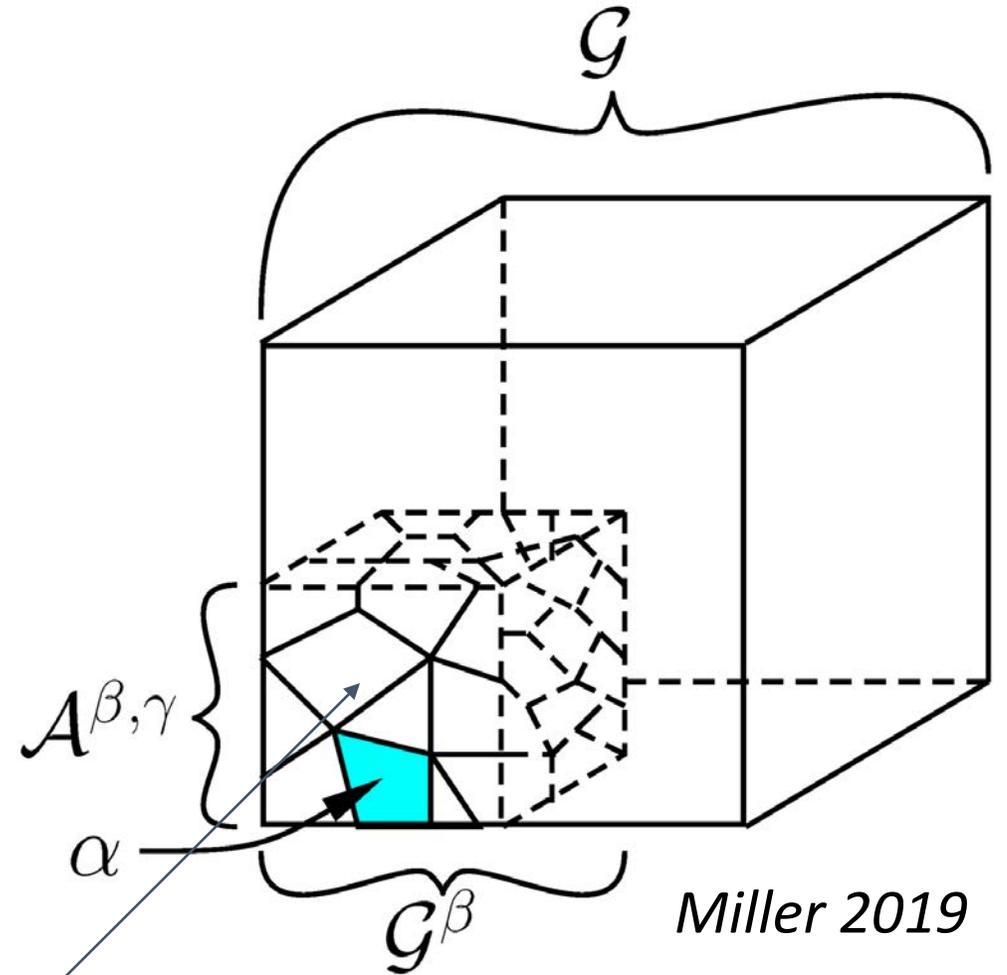


Objectives

- (I) simulate with quantified uncertainty, from **pore-particle-to-continuum-scales**, a *class of problems* involving **granular flows, large deformations, and fracture/fragmentation of unbonded and bonded particulate materials**

Objectives (cont.)

- (II) to achieve higher fidelity multiscale multiphysics computation through large deformation micromorphic continuum field theories, *informed by DNS through the latest ML techniques, with DNS calibrated and validated against rich experimental data set*

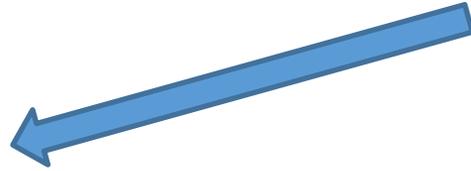


DNS domain, fully-overlapped with micromorphic continuum point

Overarching Problem

- **(I) Processing and Thermo-Mechanical (TM) behavior of compressed virgin and recycled mock HE material** subjected to *quasi-static and high-strain-rate confined and unconfined compression, in-situ (static) X-ray computed tomography (CT), and dynamic Kolsky bar and gas gun experiments with ultrafast imaging at the APS and pRad*
- **mock HE** = mix of 10-600 micrometer diameter particles of idoxuridine (IDOX) with polymeric binder (Estane)

Processing Effects on Thermo-Mechanical Behavior of virgin and recycled mock HE



(a) Pressing Assembly

(b) PBX 9502 Billet

Buechler et al. 2015



Figure 1. Post-test compression specimen from virgin PBX 9502 lot HOL83H890-019 [3].

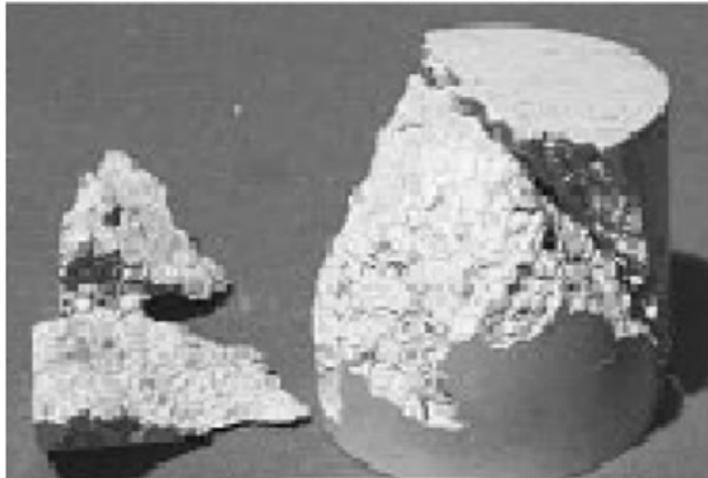


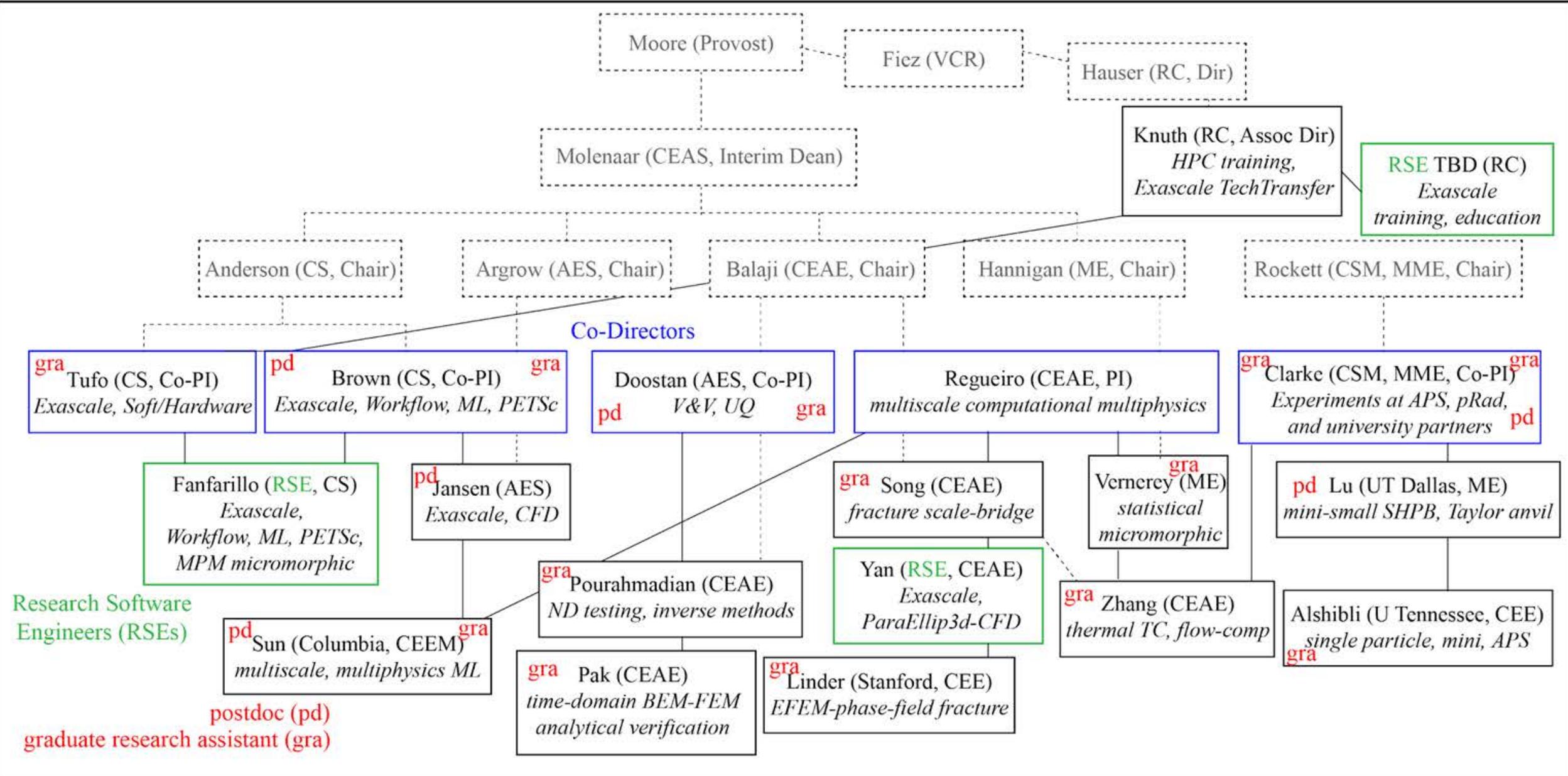
Figure 2. Post-test compression specimen from recycled PBX 9502 lot HOL88A891-005 [3].

Peterson & Idar 2005



LANL 2015

Organizational Chart



Overarching Problem (cont.)

- **Processing:**

- (i) flow and partial pressing of $\sim 125M$ particles (~ 200 micrometer diam) of mock HE (IDOX-Estane) through pluviator into die shape ($\sim 10cm$ diam), or heated and flowed into die shape, with DNS coupled non-spherical oriented particle (crystalline) Discrete Element Method (DEM) – Material Point Method (MPM, for binder) – Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD, air); $\sim 125M$ non-spherical DEM particles, ~ 500 MPM material points for binder per particle, ~ 1000 CFD grids per particle = $\sim 125M$ non-spherical DEM particles coupled to $(\sim 500 * 125M =) \sim 62.5B$ MPM points, both coupled to $(\sim 1000 * 125M =) \sim 125B$ CFD grid blocks
-quantities of interest: density/porosity, texture distributions

- (ii) using (i) as initial state for DNS MPM (~ 1000 material points per particle and binder, or $\sim 1000 * 125M = \sim 125B$ MPM material points per simulation) for large deformation pressing (particle deformation and fracture, re-orientation for texture)
-quantities of interest: density/porosity, texture

- Q2: “Why will it require exascale level computing?”

- A2: Simulations (i)-(ii) push the limits of current Petascale machines, not including UQ; thus, when including UQ, Exascale is justified

Buechler et al. ASME 2016



(a) Pressing Assembly

(b) PBX 9502 Billet

FIGURE 7: PHOTOGRAPHS OF PBX 9502 COMMON CHARGE AFTER PRESSING. PRESSED BILLET (A) INSIDE NEOPRENE BAG AND (B) REMOVED FROM BAG.

Overarching Problem (cont.)

- **Thermo-Mechanical (TM) behavior:**
 - (iii) machine ~1-2cm diam cylinders out of large pressed mock HE material for TM - Embedded Finite Element Method (EFEM) and phase field (phase) simulation of frictional cracking under quasi-static and high rate compression (with **scale bridging**; ~3 orders of magnitude less resolution than (ii) for ~2000 FEs per 1cm diam cylinder simulation (with scale-bridging, ~1000 MPM points per FE, or ~1 DE + 500 MPM points per FE)

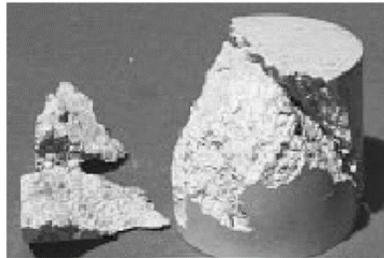
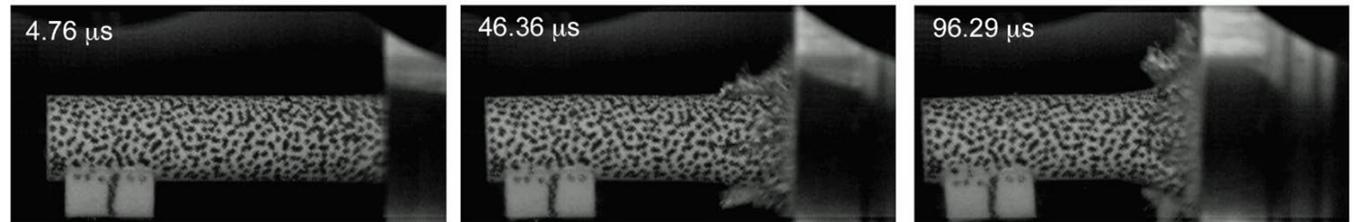


Figure 2. Post-test compression specimen from recycled PBX 9502 lot H0L88A891-005 [3].

Peterson & Idar PEP 2005



-quantities of interest: force (magnitude, duration) of impact, fracture/fragmentation pattern, particle size distribution, local heating/strain-rate

Overarching Problem (cont.)

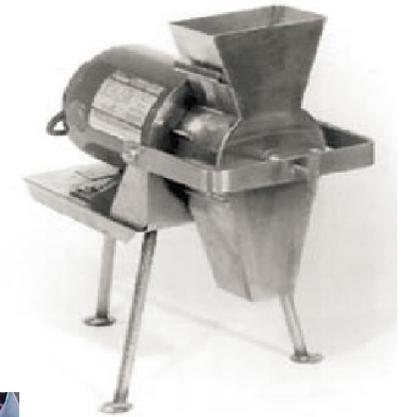
- **Grind, Recycle, Repeat (i)-(iii):**

- (iv) simulate with DNS DEM-MPM-CFD the *grinding and/or washing of mock HE for recycling*, into $<0.5\text{mm}$ particle size (similar simulation resolution as (i) and (ii), but more effort because of grinding and mixing)

-quantities of interest: particle size distribution

- (v) repeat steps (i)-(iii)

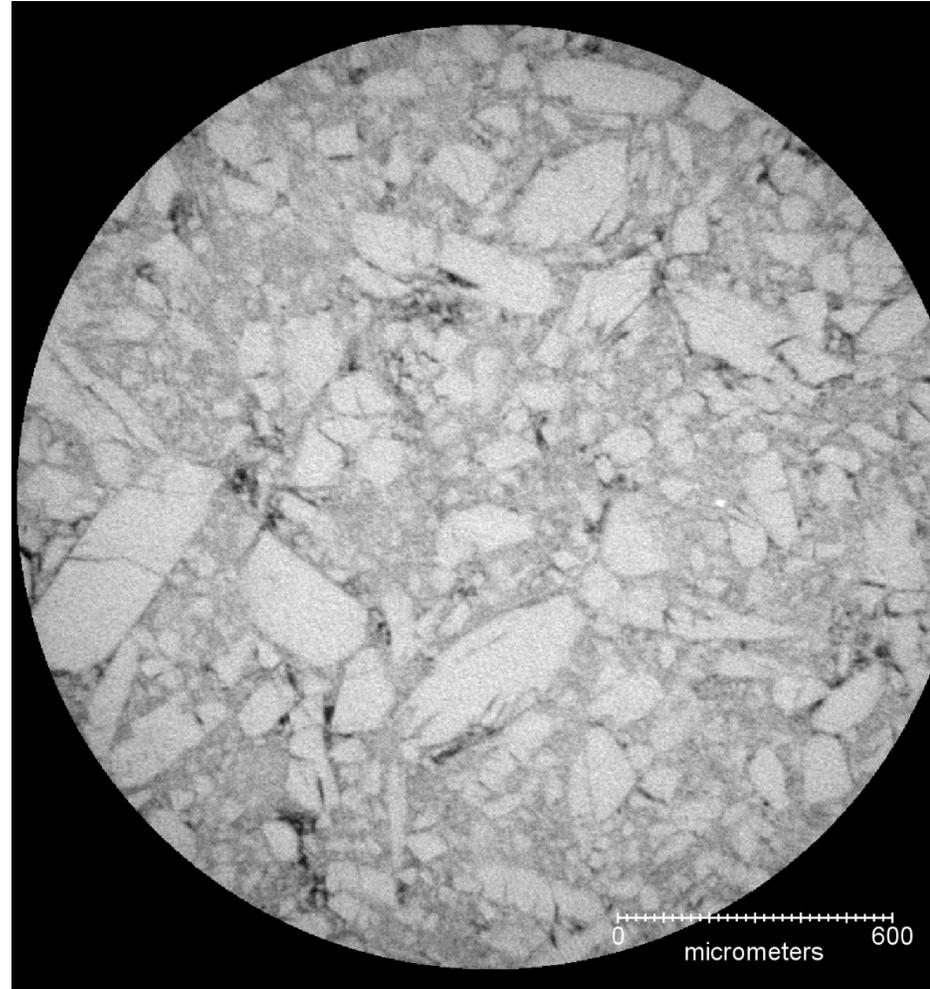
*heated and flowed
(LANL 2015)*



Soil Grinder

- **Poromechanical (PM) scale-bridging for (i)-(ii)** (pouring and pressing)
- **Thermo-Mechanical (TM) scale-bridging for (iii)** (thermal TC, SHPB, gas gun)
- **add Statistical Micromorphic Continuum features with offline DNS ML for all scale-bridging simulations**

Example IDOX + binder CT



CT POC: Brian Patterson (bpatterson@lanl.gov)

IDOX POC: John Yeager (jyeager@lanl.gov)

Overarching Problem: *Simpler Materials*

- **Simpler Materials studied before mock HE:**
 - (a) *glass beads of various size and shape, and various gradations, and/or aluminum particles with similar specs, with bonded 10-20 particles, 1cm diameter cylinders, with same binder (Estane) as used for mock IDOX HE (same experiments and simulations (no HPC required) as for (iii))*
 - (b) *silica (Ottawa) sand with various grain size distributions, unbonded and bonded, with different binders (HTPB, HYTEMP, HYCAR, Estane); processing into ~10cm dies, and machining or direct formulation of 1mm, 1cm, 5cm cylinders; and individual particle experiments (same experiments and simulations as for (i)-(v), HPC required)*

Predictive Science Plan

- **annual full system simulations:**
 - **Year 1:**
 - i. develop full V&V/UQ workflow (**no HPC required**) for **simpler 10-20 ~5mm diam glass beads or aluminum particles with binder** in 1-2cm diam cylindrical specimens, with *all experiments and modeling tools brought to bear* (TDBEMC, DEM, DEM-MPM, DEM-CFD, MPM, EFEM, phase field, micromorphic upscaling with fracture, statistical micromorphic, ML micromorphic)
 - ii. DEM simulation of ~1M ~1mm diameter **silica sand** pouring into ~10cm diameter die (vacuum; simulations currently on DoD HPCs; need to compile and run *ParaEllip3d-CFD* on DOE NNSA HPCs)

Predictive Science Plan (cont.)

- **annual full system simulations (cont.):**
 - **Year 2:**
 - i. (cont.) complete full V&V/UQ workflow (no HPC required) for **simpler 10-20 ~5mm diam glass beads or aluminum particles with binder** in 1-2cm diam cylindrical specimens, with *all experiments and modeling tools brought to bear* (TDBEMC, DEM, DEM-MPM, DEM-CFD, MPM, EFEM, phase field, micromorphic upscaling, statistical micromorphic, ML micromorphic)
 - ii. DEM-CFD **exascale** simulation of ~1M ~1mm diameter **silica sand** with ~1B CFD grids (air) pouring into ~10cm diameter die (air)
 - iii. ~250k ~125M DEM-MPM and ~250M MPM-MPM simulations of ~250k ~1mm diameter **silica sand with binder** in 1-5cm diameter cylindrical specimens (thermal TC, SHPB, Taylor anvil)
 - iv. upscaling of Y2.iii to micromorphic continuum with fracture

Predictive Science Plan (cont.)

- **annual full system simulations (cont.):**
 - **Year 3:**
 - i. DEM-MPM-CFD **exascale** simulation of $\sim 1\text{M}$ $\sim 1\text{mm}$ diameter **silica sand with binder** with $\sim 500\text{M}$ MPM points and $\sim 1\text{B}$ CFD grids (air) pouring and pressing into $\sim 10\text{cm}$ diameter die (air); machine out 1cm diam specimens for testing as in Y2.iii and upscale as in Y2.iv
 - ii. DEM-CFD simulation of $\sim 250\text{k}$ ~ 200 micrometer diameter **IDOX** with $\sim 250\text{M}$ CFD grids (air) pouring into 1cm diameter die (air)
 - iii. $\sim 31.25\text{M}$ $\sim 15.625\text{B}$ DEM-MPM and $\sim 31.25\text{B}$ MPM-MPM **exascale** simulations of $\sim 31.25\text{M}$ ~ 200 micrometer diameter **mock HE (IDOX-Estane)** in 1-5cm diameter cylindrical specimens (thermal TC, SHPB, Taylor anvil)
 - iv. upscaling of Y3.iii to micromorphic continuum with fracture

Predictive Science Plan (cont.)

- **annual full system simulations (cont.):**
 - **Year 4:**
 - i. DEM-MPM-CFD **exascale** simulation of $\sim 1\text{M}$ $\sim 1\text{mm}$ diameter **recycled silica sand with binder** with $\sim 500\text{M}$ MPM points and $\sim 1\text{B}$ CFD grids (air) pouring and pressing into 10cm diameter die (air); machine out 1cm diam specimens for testing as in Y2.iii and upscale as in Y2.iv
 - ii. DEM-MPM-CFD **exascale** simulation of $\sim 125\text{M}$ ~ 200 micrometer diameter **mock HE (IDOX-Estane)** with $\sim 62.5\text{B}$ MPM points and $\sim 125\text{B}$ CFD grids (air) pouring and pressing into $\sim 10\text{cm}$ diameter die (air); machine out 1cm diam specimens for testing as in Y2.iii and upscale as in Y2.iv

Predictive Science Plan (cont.)

- **annual full system simulations (cont.):**
 - **Year 5:**
 - i. DEM-MPM-CFD **exascale** simulation of ~125M ~200 micrometer diameter **recycled mock HE (IDOX-Estane)** with ~62.5B MPM points and ~125B CFD grids (air) pouring and pressing into ~10cm diameter die (air); machine out 1cm diam specimens for testing as in Y2.iii and upscale as in Y2.iv
 - ii. **Year 5 prediction:** *attempt to quantify processing effects on the dynamic, thermo-mechanical behavior of recycled mock HE*

V&V/UQ Plan

- **Verification will follow a Multi-level plan**
- **Validation will use Bayesian inference and DNN-based inversion techniques**
- **Uncertainty Quantification (UQ) will rely on structure-exploiting techniques (sparsity, intrinsic low-dimensionality, etc)**

Multi-Level Verification

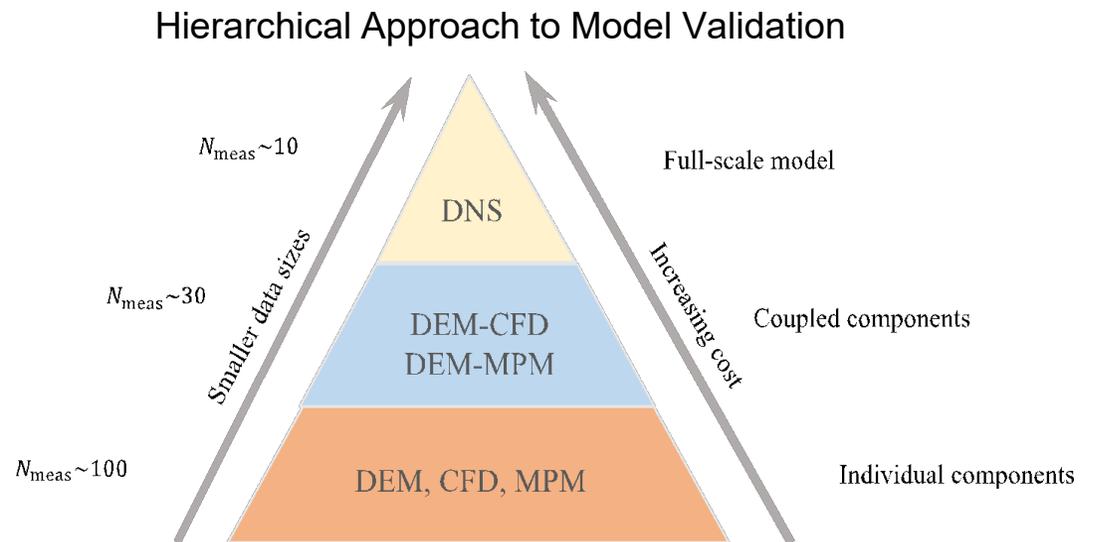
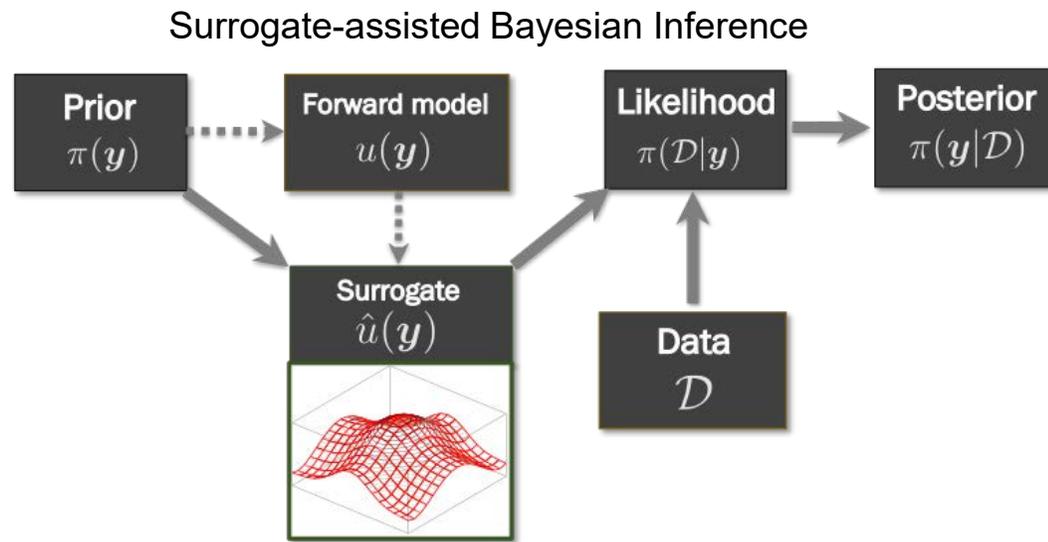
- **Numerical:** comparison of numerical methods (DEM, MPM, FEM, CFD, ...) to each other and analytical solutions, where available:
 - **Elasticity solutions:** FEM, MPM
 - **Elastic inclusion solutions:** coupled DEM-MPM
 - **Flow around a sphere:** coupled DEM-CFD, and MPM-CFD
 - **Mode I and II loading of elasto-plastic or elasto-damage interfaces:** DEM-MPM, MPM-MPM
 - **MMS**
 - **Micromorphic:** null DNS filtering cases, 1D uniaxial stress/strain, micro-stretch, micro-shear, micro-rotation cases

Multi-Level Verification (cont.)

- **Analytical:** develop fundamental rigorous analytical/manufactured solutions for generalized/ micromorphic continuum mechanics theory for comparison:
 - **Suitable combination** of mathematical and numerical techniques
 - **Step-by-step approach:** governing equations, boundary/ interfacial conditions
 - **Linearization:** for poro-thermo-anisotropic-elastodynamic settings
 - **Solution's characteristic features:** number of wave types, nature of wave fronts, attenuation, jumps, shocks, singularities, sharp corners, ...
 - **Green's functions** for basic testing and integral formulations

Model Calibration and Validation Strategies

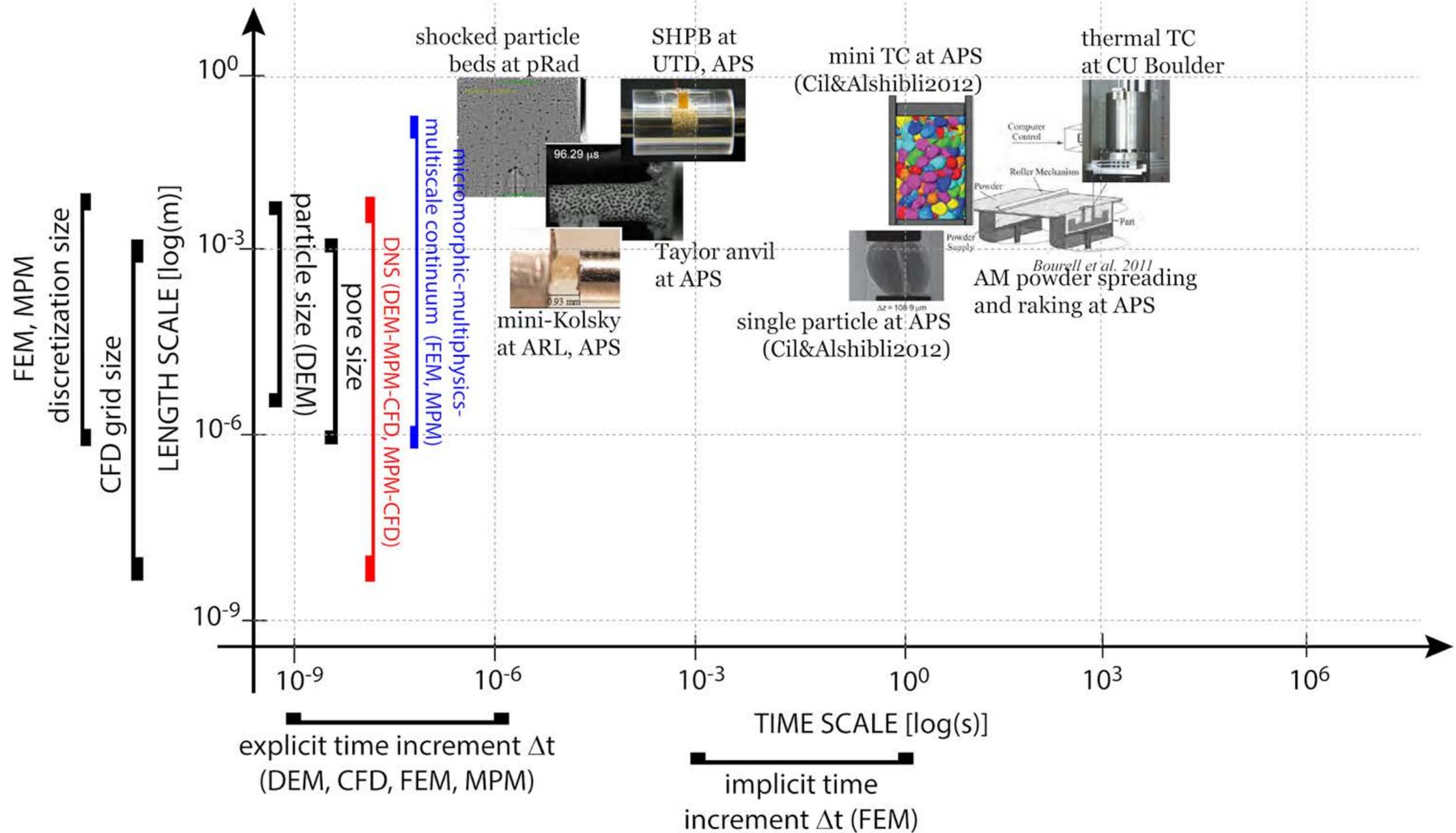
- Model calibration: Surrogate-assisted Bayesian inference and DNN-based inversion techniques – key is the ability to efficiently build accurate surrogates
- Model validation: Hypothesis-testing-based approaches (mean or pdf comparison) at component level
- Focus on model ranking/selection (via the Bayesian framework)
- Hierarchical approach for system model validation



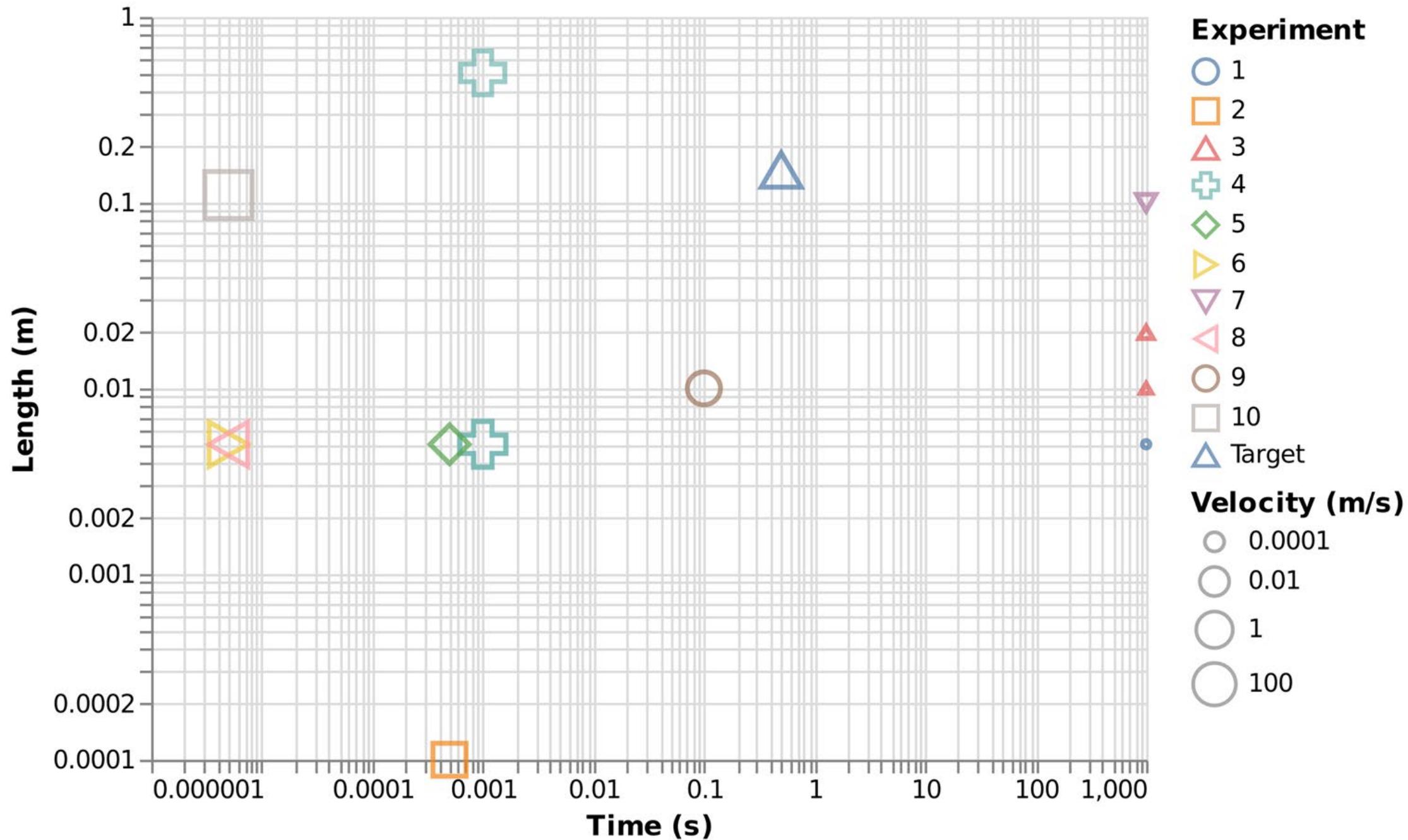
Forward UQ Strategies

- **Structure-exploiting** techniques to tackle curse-of-dimensionality – sparsity, low intrinsic dimensionality:
 - Basis and sample adaptive compressed sensing techniques (sparsity)
 - Data-driven basis learning techniques for compressed sensing (sparsity)
 - Generative modeling assisted compressed sensing
 - ...
- **Multi-fidelity DNN** representations
 - Improved variance reduction for training
 - Transfer learning
 - Data-informed regularization
 - ...

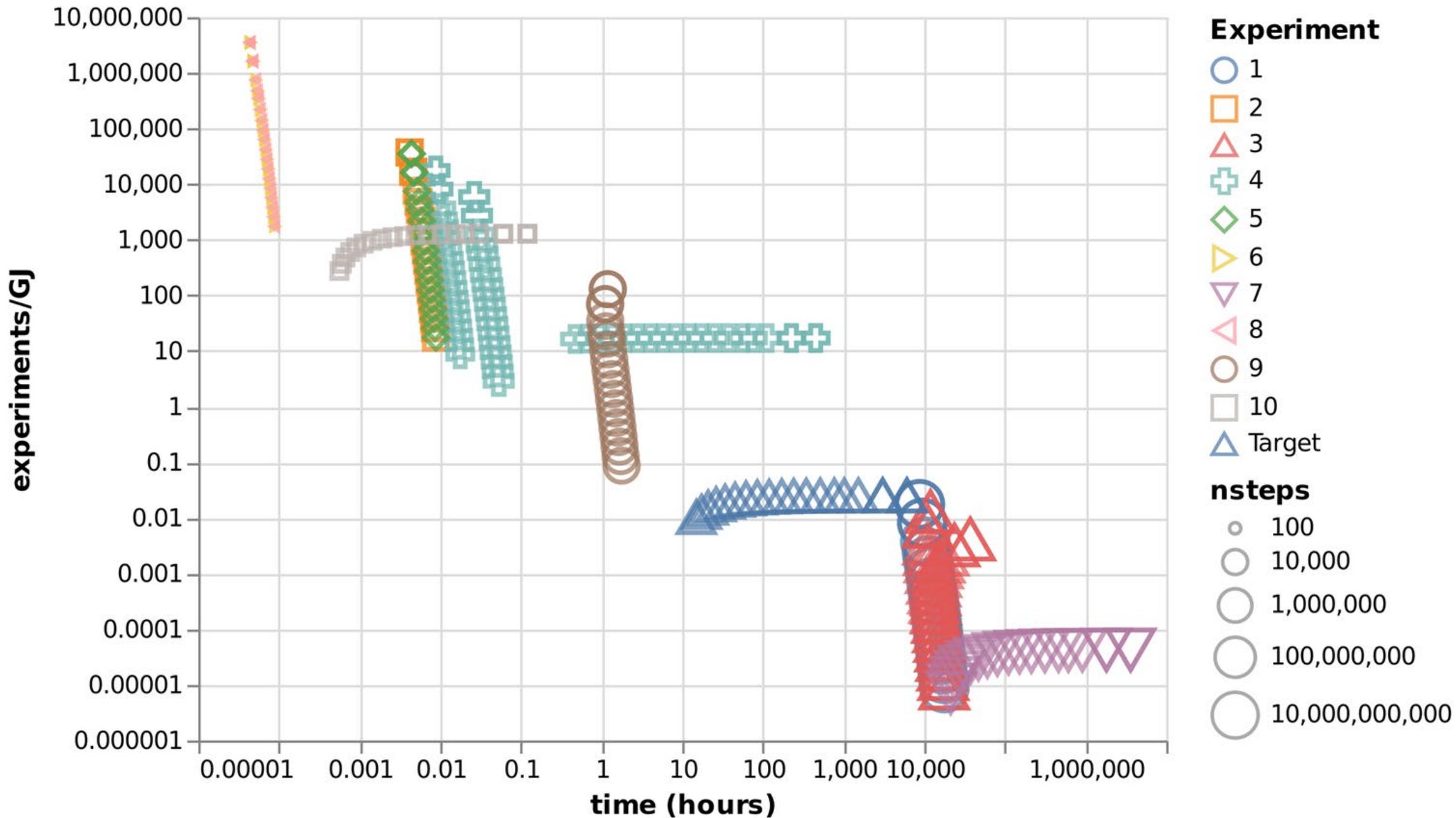
Experiments and Associated Modeling Length and Time Scales



Validation/Calibration Experiments

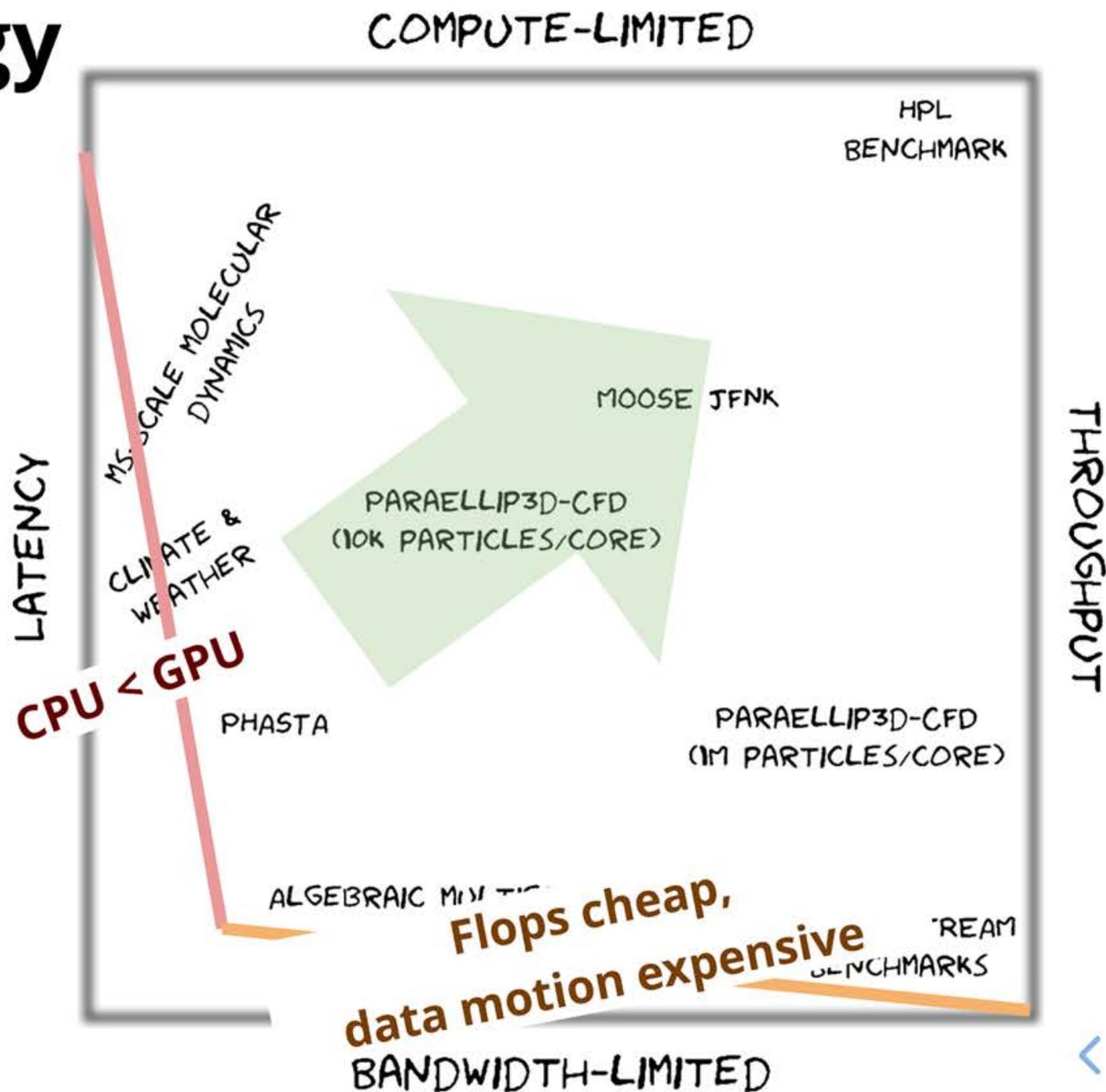


DNS for Experiments

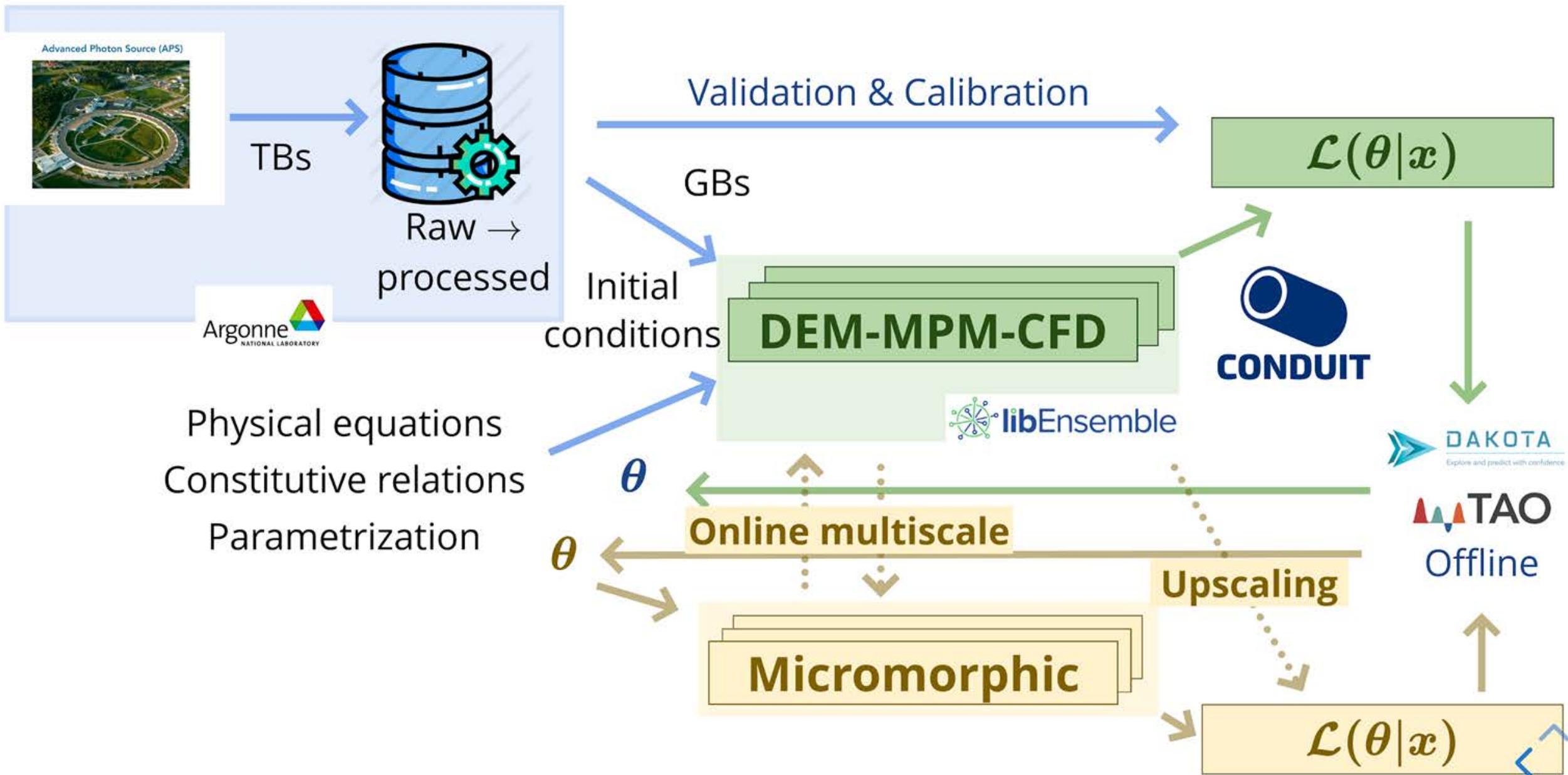


Algorithmic strategy

- Latency-hiding algorithms
 - Overlap communication and computation
 - Instruction-level parallelism vs SIMT occupancy
- Data locality
 - Kernel fusion
 - Cache-awareness
- Algorithmic scalability, implicitness
- Data structure transformations
 - Store vs (re)compute
 - Data sparsity, low-rank
 - Kronecker product



Workflow



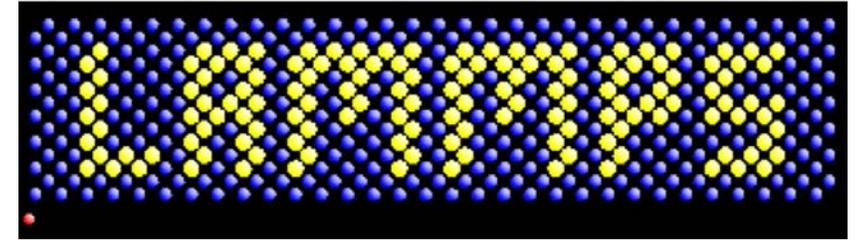
Software Plan

- **Existing codes in Center:** will develop on *gitlab.com/micromorph*
 - petascale OpenMP/MPI *ParaEllip3d-CFD* polyellipsoidal, coupled DEM-CFD code (open source, Yan)
 - petascale MPI TDBEM-FEM code (Pak)
 - coupled FEM-DNS upscaling micromorphic continuum code *Tardigrade (MOOSE)* (open source, Miller)
 - 3D fracture models (EFEM, phase-field) in *deal.II* (open source, Linder) to be merged with *Tardigrade* (open source, Song, Linder)
 - multiphase exascale CFD code *PHASTA* (open source, Jansen)

Software Plan (cont.)

- **Existing codes outside Center:**

- *GEOS-MPM* (limited to LLNL): plan to port over to *GEOS-x* (open source, LLNL); planning collaboration with LLNL
- *LAMMPS* (open source, Sandia)



- *PETSc* (open source, ANL)



- *MOOSE* (open source, INL)



- *deal.II* (open source)



Software Plan (cont.)

- **Codes/Capabilities to be developed for Center:**
 - MPM extension of *Tardigrade* (postdoc, Miller)
 - MPM coupling (for binder) in *ParaEllip3d-CFD* (Yan)
 - sphero-polyhedral particles shapes, simple fracture model, orientation-dependent particle elasticity in *ParaEllip3d-CFD* (Yan)
 - statistical mechanics extension of *Tardigrade* (Vernerey, GRA, Miller)
 - machine learning (ML) extension of *Tardigrade* (Sun, Brown, Fanfarillo, postdoc, GRA, Miller)
 - Exascale modifications/recoding of all codes (Fanfarillo, Yan, Brown, Jansen, Tufo)

Continuous Integration



GitLab



EXASCALE COMPUTING PROJECT

- Containerized tests with different operating systems and compilers
- Local testbeds for emerging architectures
- ECP-developed CI at LCFs
 - Correctness tests
 - Performance regression tests
 - Longitudinal monitoring & analysis

Documentation



SPHINX
Python Documentation Generator

- Website
- Manual and API documentation
- Language bindings



- Interactive tutorials

Integration Plan

- During Year 1, use simpler 10-20 ~5mm diam glass beads or aluminum particles with binder 1-2cm diam cylindrical specimens to **develop full V&V/UQ workflow**, conducting all experiments (except larger 10cm diam die pressing) and all modeling components of project (**but no HPC, yet**)
- then continue with **silica sand**, toward **mock HE**

Key Challenges

- recruiting US citizen PhD students
- executing Integration Plan in Year 1 (will likely carry over to Year 2)
- demonstrating “exascale readiness” in Year 2 without an exascale machine (will submit proposals to access Frontier at ORNL)
- achieving Y4.ii exascale simulation (DEM-MPM-CFD ~125M ~200 micrometer diameter **mock HE (IDOX-Estane)** with ~62.5B MPM points and ~125B CFD grids)